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## With Free Suspensory.

If your manly strength has been wasted by the dissipation of youth or of maturity, overwork, worry or sickness, I can promise if you will wear my belt that you will regain the vigor and pleasure of perfect strength.

## DR. McLAUGHLIN'S ELECTRIC BELT

Cures weakness in Men and Women. Weak Backs, Rheumatism, Stomach, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation and all Nervous Diseases.

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## Prepared Wax

## Floor Polish

is far superior to any other finishing wax.

Just the right consistency to give the most servicable finish and impart that rich finish peculiar to this wax.

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## Polished Floors

You should use the Johnson preparations. They are far superior to varnish or shellacs and more easily applied.

We carry a very extensive line of Johnson's goods and can meet any requirement.

Johnson's Ornamental Hardwood Floors will be sold to order from samples at our store.

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Our Chocolate Creams, Cal. Lemonade, Root Beer, Orange Cider and all kinds of aerated drinks are the best on the market.

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Garments cleaned by this process at

Mrs. A. M. Mellis'

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## Helping Hand in Time of Need!

The Relief and Burial Association is rapidly increasing. We have had three deaths in nine months, and each member received a death benefit \$100 to pay funeral and burial expenses, the surviving relatives, a donation of 10 cents from each member of the association as emergency benefits. Membership fee \$4.50. Office, Honolulu Undertaking Parlor, 1120 Fort Street, Tel. Main 179.

## EXHIBITION

by the children of

Mrs. Gunn's Dancing Class

at

Hawaiian Opera House

on

SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1905

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Tickets now on sale.

## GOVERNOR HAS VETOED THE COUNTY BILL

House at Once Passes it Despite the Veto But the Senate is More Deliberate in its Action.

The Governor jolted the legislature yesterday in his veto of the County Act, and got half a jolt back in the overriding of the veto by the House. The Senate has not acted yet upon the matter, having perhaps a keener realizing sense than the lower body that more things than the overriding of vetoes are necessary to secure county government.

The Senate, in fact, spent almost all day in the consideration of the Dickey bill apportioning the revenues between the Territory and the proposed counties, finally amending and passing it and continuing the consideration of the veto until today.

## LEGISLATURE—FORTY-NINTH DAY.

## THE SENATE.

The Senate yesterday took up and passed on second reading Senate Bill No. 98, which is the Dickey bill apportioning the taxes to the counties under the County Act, and in its original form gave the Territory sixty and the counties forty per cent of the revenues collected.

Dowsett moved to amend so that county assessors must pay to the Territorial treasurer 50 per cent of all taxes collected under any tax law in any county, less the expense of collecting the same, the remaining 50 per cent to be paid to the county treasurer.

The motion precipitated an extended discussion. At the conclusion of this, however, the Dowsett amendment carried on a show of hands, nine to four. And then the Senate got tangled up on the proposition as to when the act should go into effect. Hewitt moved to make the act effective July 1st, and the difficulty arose as to what disposition should be made of the revenues of the current year. Bishop, Dickey and Paris contended that if this money was taken away from the Territory, which was now issuing warrants against the fund, there would arise a serious menace to the credit of the Territory.

President Isenberg said that if half the revenues of the current year were to go to the Territory, the banks should be immediately notified, because after that provision became known the banks would instantly stop cashing Territorial warrants.

"The proper thing," said Bishop, "is to make this bill effective on January 1, 1906, and give the counties a share of next year's taxes. The credit of the Territory must be preserved."

To settle the difficulty, Achi moved that the counties pay to the Territory, in addition to 50 per cent of all taxes collected in 1905, the following sums: Oahu, \$125,000; Hawaii, \$60,000; Maui, \$40,000, and Kauai, \$35,000.

## NOT FAVORED.

This did not meet with great favor, apparently. Bishop said that the Achi proposition would not remove the difficulty at all. "If word goes out from this Senate chamber," said Bishop, "that we have impaired the power of the Territory to pay its warrants, there would be an instant panic. It is much better to let the counties drift along as best they could until January 1."

"The county officers would not work for nothing," remarked Achi. "I think," said Dickey, "it would be better to give the Territory 60 per cent and the county 40 per cent of the taxes."

Dowsett, being called upon by the President, said he was puzzled about the matter, too. It might be better to give the Territory 60 per cent or even 75 per cent, as the thing had turned out, it might have been better to make the County Act effective on January 1, also.

McClendless, who was a member of the accounts commission, explained that the estimate of 60 per cent for the Territory and 40 per cent to the counties had figured only current running expenses and not indebtedness or warrants.

And that makes the thing worse than even, said the President.

Paris moved reference of the bill to a special committee, as he did not want to act in the dark, but that was not considered for the moment.

Achi spoke in favor of his motion for the apportionment, and then Dickey and Dowsett both seconded the amendment for reference to a special committee, to consider the matter and report immediately.

## A SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

Paris did not think the committee could report immediately, and then the motion to refer carried. Dowsett, Bishop and Achi were appointed on the committee.

"I excuse them to work on the bill now," said President Isenberg. "I would like to say that my vote on the county bill hinges on the decision on this matter, veto or no veto."

McClendless moved a recess, and President Isenberg said the question was so important that all bills should be deferred until it was settled. "The banks that have cashed the Territorial warrants should be made to know that there is no financial volcano under them, and should have assurances that the credit of the Territory will be maintained."

At this point Dowsett asked that the Governor's message should be read. The message had come in half an hour earlier, and was known to be a veto of the County Act, although nothing to that effect had been officially stated to the Senate.

Dickey moved a reconsideration of the County Act and that the message

be entered at large upon the journal. This carried, 8 to 2, and further consideration of the message was postponed until today.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

A communication from the Secretary notified the Senate that the Governor had signed Senate Bill 68.

The Secretary also returned the Lane resolution providing that the Catholic Church be permitted to hold more than 1,000 acres of land. The resolution was returned that it might be read three times for legal passage. It was read for the second time.

The House sent notification that it had overridden the Governor's veto on the county bill. The communication was not properly worded, however, and was sent back for correction.

House Bill 176, the bill changing the form and manner of examining leper suspects, was on Lane's motion taken up out of order for third reading. This bill provides for a lazaretto at Kalihi, and provides for the appointment of a commission of examining doctors.

Dickey opposed the passage of the bill on the ground that it entailed needless expense, the United States being about to establish a leper hospital. There should be no leper hospital outside Kalaupapa. Paris opposed the bill on the same grounds, and McClendless opposed an amendment making the law inoperative in the event of the establishment of a hospital by the United States government at Molokai. The amendment carried on a tie vote.

The bill passed by the following vote: Ayes—Achi, Bishop, Hayselden, Hewitt, Kalama, Lane, McClendless, Woods, Isenberg—9.

Noes—Dickey, Gandall, Paris, Wilcox—4.

Absent and not voting—Bishop, Dowsett—2.

A message from the Governor vetoed Senate Bill 57, the Paris bill in opposition to taking up estrays. The veto was sustained without dissent.

## DICKEY BILL PASSED.

From the special committee on the Dickey tax apportionment bill, Dowsett reported, showing that up to January the Territory would owe \$1,100,000. The estimated half of the tax receipts at that time would be \$632,324. There would be received from all other sources \$261,676. This would make a total of receipts of \$893,924, a deficit of \$261,676.

## CORDIAL INVITATION

ADDRESSED TO WORKING GIRLS

Miss Barrows Tells How Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Helps Working Girls

Girls who work are particularly susceptible to female disorders, especially those who are obliged to stand on their feet from morning until night in stores or factories.

Day in and day out the bread-winner of the family. Whether she is sick or well, whether it rains or shines, she must get to her place of employment, perform the duties exacted of her—smile and be agreeable.

Among this class the symptoms of female diseases are early manifest by weak and aching backs, pain in the lower limbs and lower part of the stomach. In consequence of frequent wetting of the feet, monthly periods become painful and irregular, and frequently there are faint and dizzy spells, with loss of appetite, until life is a burden. All of these symptoms point to a derangement of the female organism which can be easily and promptly cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Miss Abby F. Barrows, Nelsonville, Athens Co., Ohio, tells what this great medicine did for her. She writes:

"I feel it my duty to tell you the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier have done for me. Before I took them I was very nervous, had dull headaches, pains in back, and months were irregular. I had been to several doctors, and they did me no good."

"Your medicine has made me well and strong. I can do most any kind of work without complaint, and my periods are all right."

"I am in better health than I ever was, and I know it is all due to your remedies. I recommend your advice and medicine to all who suffer."

It is to such girls that Mrs. Pinkham holds out a helping hand and extends a cordial invitation to correspond with her. Her long record of success in treating woman's ills makes her letters of advice of untold value to every ailing working girl, and from her wide experience and skill she quickly points the way to health. Her advice is free, and all letters are held by her in the strictest confidence. Address, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

The Dickey bill then again came up for consideration on second reading, and Achi renewed his motion that after the taxes had been collected, the county assessors should pay into the Territorial treasury, in addition to the 50 per cent provided in the bill, the following amounts: From Oahu, \$125,000; from Hawaii, \$60,000; from Maui, \$40,000; from Kauai, \$35,000.

There was debate on this again, and then Dowsett's amendment offered at the morning session giving the Territory 50 per cent and the counties 50 per cent of the taxes collected was read, with the Achi proviso for reimbursement added.

McClendless offered an amendment to give the Territory 60 per cent of the tax receipts, in addition to the sums named in the Achi proviso.

Achi protested that this was a plain attempt to crush county government. Paris wanted to know whether 50 per cent would be enough to run the Territorial government after the first of January.

"The treasurer said that it would be enough, according to his estimates," said Dowsett.

"That is an estimate," said Bishop, "not a positive statement of fact."

The Achi proviso then passed, and the Dowsett amendment.

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The Achi proviso then passed, and the Dowsett amendment.

Bishop offered a new section making the sums payable to the Territorial treasury by the counties a prior claim against the counties. This was adopted, and then the bill passed second reading, being amended to take effect on July 1, 1905. It will be given to the Revision Committee for corrections, and read for the third time tomorrow.

## BRITISH CLAIMS.

A letter from the Governor informed the Senators that the British claims matter was brought to the attention of the Legislature in 1903. This was in answer to the Dowsett resolution. The communication was received and placed on file.

The Governor's letter and its accompanying enclosure follow:

April 13, 1905.  
Hon. D. P. R. Isenberg, President of the Senate, Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii.

Sir: In reply to the communication from the Senate of 8th inst., transmitted by the clerk, enclosing a duly certified copy of the Senate Resolution No. 40, respecting claims presented by the British government on behalf of its subjects, I beg to inform you that this is a matter that was brought to the attention of the Legislature in 1903, by Governor Dole, and I enclose a copy of the remarks made in his message of February 18, 1903. No action, however, has been taken by the Legislature.

The matter was referred to when I was last at the State Department and my response was that the Territory of Hawaii could not possibly object to any action or legislation on the subject that might originate with the Federal authorities.

Yours truly,  
G. R. CARTER,  
Governor.

Extract from Governor Dole's Message to the Legislature, February 18, 1903.

"The British government is still pressing for payment of the claims of several of its citizens based upon their treatment by the Republic of Hawaii under martial law in 1895. Correspondence in this matter is with the Secretary of State, who has expressed a desire that the government of the Territory should create a commission to finally determine these questions."

"These claims were first presented by the British government against the Republic of Hawaii, which, recognizing the justice of one of these claims—that of a person who had been subjected to improper treatment as a witness, paid it, but refused all of the rest. Negotiations for their reference to arbitration were broken off by the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States."

"There are several other claims by citizens of other powers whose attitude in relation thereto is similar to that of the British government."

"I recommend that legislation be enacted by the Legislature providing for a commission of three persons who shall have authority to hear and determine all political claims of citizens of foreign powers arising under the status of martial law in the year 1895, and who shall accept as evidence the affidavits already filed in such cases, the decisions of a majority of such commission to be final and obligatory on the parties."

"I further recommend that appropriations for the pay and expenses of such commission be placed in the proper appropriation bills."

ANDREWS ANSWERS.

The following letter from the Attorney General in answer to the questions asked in the Bishop resolution was read:

Honolulu, April 12, 1905.  
To the President and Members of the Senate of the Territory of Hawaii—

Gentlemen: The resolution adopted by the Senate of the Territory of Hawaii on the 11th day of April, 1905, requesting from me information as to whether, first, I held or have held within ninety days past a free pass from the Honolulu Rapid Transit & Land Company, permitting me to ride free on the cars of said company; second, whether I held such pass from any company or railroad giving me the privilege of free transportation; third, whether any of the deputies or assistants held or have held within ninety days past, passes from or issued by the Honolulu Rapid Transit Company, was received by me this morning and in reply I would answer all three in the negative.

"In order, however, that there may be no misunderstanding in this matter, I would further state that the Deputy Attorney General, the assistants, and Mr. C. A. Doyle, are special policemen connected with this department, for the purpose of assisting the business of the office, and have special police badges, practically since their time of commission as Assistant Attorney Generals. My reasons for wishing them to have the powers of a police officer is to facilitate the work of the office."

I understand that the Rapid Transit Company allowed all special policemen to ride their cars without paying fare; this, however, was a matter in which the persons in my office were treated no differently from any other special officer, and the privilege was never requested of the Rapid Transit Com-

## 1905 Shirt Waists



Another shipment of new ideas and pretty styles in 1905 shirt waists that ladies will like, has just arrived.

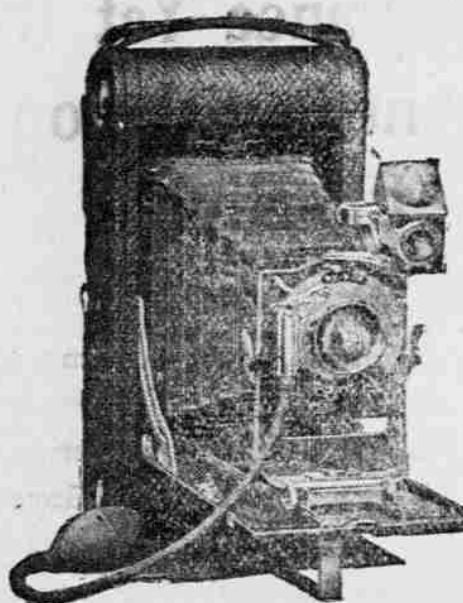
The variety is large and we can assure you of a perfect fit.

Materials are unusually handsome and workmanship is perfect.

PRICES 75 CENTS UPWARD

Also new lines of wash goods just in.

A. BLUM, PROGRESS BLOCK FORT STREET.



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Its easy here where there are so many to choose from. We have every style of the famous Eastman Kodaks, at prices from \$5 upward and instruct purchasers in the operating.

KODAK DEVELOPING MACHINES

Films and photographic supplies of every description.

Honolulu Photo Supply Co., FORT STREET.

## Fine Shoes of Service for Women

Made to our order by the celebrated makers, Laird, Schober & Co., and they comply with the highest standard of foot requirements.

They are perfect in every way for service, very stylish and easy fitting.

Made of the finest French kid, with patent tip and medium military heel. Sole is hand turned and very flexible. Soft mat kid top. PRICE \$6.00.

MANUFACTURERS' SHOE Co., Ltd.

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## Little Tudor Play Suits

These Are Fine For Boys and Girls

We are showing a splendid stock of the Little Tudor Play Suits at

65 CENTS EACH

We are now showing a few beautiful linen robes. No two patterns alike.

B. F. EHLERS & Co

FORT STREET

pany by myself or any other person connected with my department.

I am informed that the Rapid Transit Company issued an order that certain police badges would no longer be recognized, which included all in this office, such order being issued shortly after the receipt, from the Superintendent of Public Works, of the letter annexed hereto.

Further, in answering what I understand to be the spirit of your resolution, I would say that the suit brought by my department against the Rapid Transit Company for the violation of a provision of their franchise, was brought at the request of the Superintendent of Public Works, Honolulu, as the result of an investigation, made by him without my knowledge, which culminated in a letter to the Rapid Transit Company, also sent without my knowledge, hereto attached.

And as a result of their failure to act upon said letter, the Superintendent of Public Works called upon our department to bring suit, which we did, after obtaining further evidence that the franchise was still being violated in regard to the speed of the car service, in spite of the notice from the Superintendent of Public Works.

Had it been the wish of this department to annoy and hamper the railroad, fifty-eight suits, each for a hundred-dollar penalty, could have been brought as easily as the one which has been brought.

Further, it was the idea of the Superintendent of Public Works, together with myself, to bring this matter to a head while the Legislature was in session, so that, if any remedial legislation is required, it can be immediately had.

Yours respectfully,  
LORRIN ANDREWS,  
Attorney General.

The letter was ordered filed.

Kalama introduced a bill amending (Continued on page 2.)



## Vapo-Cresolene

For Whooping Cough, Croup, Coughs, Bronchitis, Influenza, Catarrh.

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surfaces of the bronchial tubes with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or sufferers from chronic bronchitis, find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

CRESOLENE is a boon to ASTHMATICS.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

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